

精细化工中间体

无催化剂合成二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂卓衍生物

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摘要: 以二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂卓和 β -酮酸为原料, 在室温、无催化剂下通过曼尼希反应合成2-(10,11-二氢二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)-1-苯基乙烷-1-酮, 对反应条件进行了优化, 并探索了底物的适用范围。利用¹H NMR、¹³C NMR、MS对产物进行了结构确证。结果表明, 在反应时间12 h、以二氯甲烷为溶剂的最优条件下, 合成的二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂卓衍生物产率在60%~90%之间。

关键词: 二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂卓; β -酮酸; 无催化剂; 曼尼希反应; 精细化工中间体

中图分类号: O626 文献标识码: A 文章编号: 1003-5214(2022)08-1722-07

Synthesis of dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxadiazepine derivatives without catalyst

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Abstract: 2-(10,11-Dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazo-11-yl)-1-phenylethane-1-one was synthesized by Mannich reaction with dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine and β -keto acid without catalyst at room temperature, of which reaction conditions were optimized. Meanwhile, a series of substrate 3-oxo-3-phenylpropanoic acid with various substituents were also studied for application range exploration. The products synthesized were characterized and confirmed by ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR and HRMS. The results showed that yields of dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine derivatives were 60%~90% under the optimal conditions of reaction time 12 h with dichloromethane as solvent.

Key words: dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine; β -keto acids; catalyst-free; Mannich reaction; fine chemical intermediates

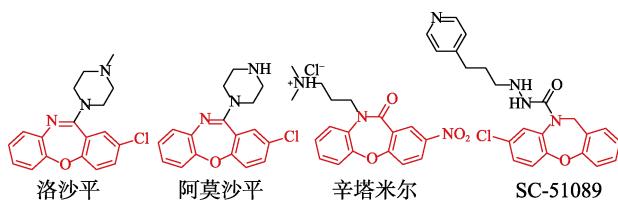
二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂卓(DBO)衍生物是一些天然产物^[1-3]和药物的重要结构单元, 其衍生物作为有机合成中间体在精细化工、有机合成化学以及药物科学中具有重要作用。在医药方面, DBO支架可用于制造抗抑郁药物洛沙平^[4]、阿莫沙平^[5]、辛塔米尔^[6]和止痛剂SC-51089^[7](结构如下所示)。DBO支架在其他类似药物中也显示出许多生物活性, 如抗精神病药氯氮平^[8]、非核苷HIV-1逆转录酶抑制剂^[9]、组胺H4受体激动剂^[10]、防爆剂^[11]、钠和钙通道拮抗剂^[12]。

目前, DBO衍生物的合成大多都需要催化剂的参与。有研究者分别用二氢奎宁衍生的硫脲作为有机催化剂、通过脯氨酸作催化剂等实例证明了合成此类DBO衍生物的可行性^[13-15]。还有文献报道利用Bi(OAc)₃/手性磷酸、四元环状氨基酸等不同有机催化剂催化的曼尼希反应^[16-17]。虽然催化剂对DBO衍生物的合成是有效的, 但从可持续发展的角度来看, 它们存在成本高、实用性不足和环境毒性等缺点。因此, 开发绿色、低成本、高效合成DBO的新方法具有重要意义。

收稿日期: 2021-12-19; 定用日期: 2022-04-07; DOI: 10.13550/j.jxhg.20211228

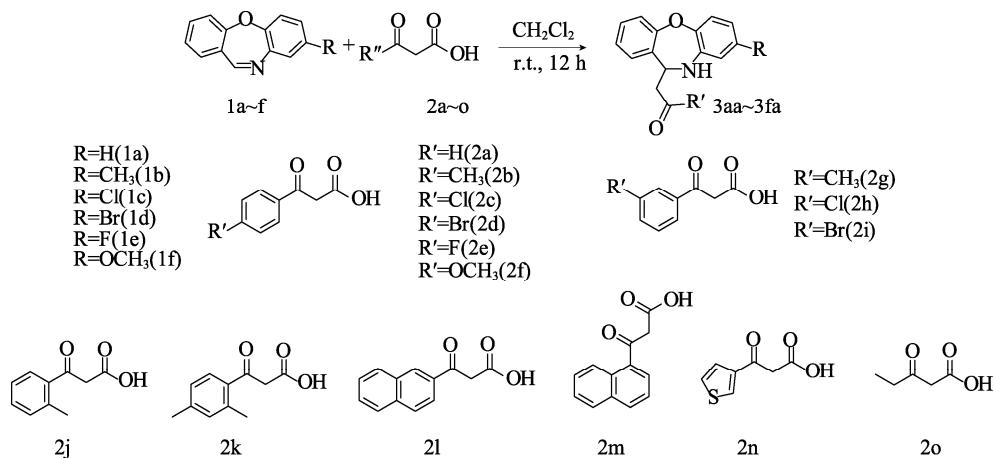
基金项目: 国家自然科学基金(21901087); 江苏省自然科学基金(BK20190591)

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众所周知, β -酮酸通常不稳定, 在加热、酸或碱的作用下容易分解成相应的酮。因此, 已报道文

献主要集中于研究如何在温和的反应条件下实现 β -酮酸的高效转化、高化学选择和高立体选择^[18]。随着对 β -酮酸脱羧加成反应条件研究的不断深入^[19], 本文以七元环亚胺和 β -酮酸为原料, 在室温、无催化剂条件下通过曼尼希反应可以快速合成 DBO 衍生物(反应路线如下所示)。利用 $^1\text{H}\text{NMR}$ 、 $^{13}\text{C}\text{NMR}$ 、MS 对产物进行了结构确证。



1 实验部分

1.1 试剂与仪器

所有七元环亚胺衍生物^[20]和 β -酮酸衍生物^[21]均为已知化合物, 并根据文献方法制备。

二氯甲烷 (DCM)、二氯乙烷 (DCE)、乙腈、二甲基亚砜, AR, 安耐吉化学试剂有限公司; *N,N*-二甲基甲酰胺 (DMF)、乙醇、甲醇, AR, 默克科研试剂有限公司; 三氟甲磺酸钠、三氟甲磺酸钪、三氟甲磺酸铜、三氟甲磺酸锑、三氟甲磺酸镱、三氟甲磺酸铟、三氟甲磺酸铟、三氟甲烷磺酸锌、三氟甲烷磺酸铜, 阿达马斯试剂有限公司。

Advance 400 MHz 型核磁共振波谱仪, 德国 Bruker 公司; TRACETM 1600 气相色谱质谱联用仪, 美国赛默飞世尔科技公司; ZF-7A 手提式紫外检测灯, 上海光豪分析仪器有限公司。

1.2 DBO 衍生物的合成

以 2-(10,11-二氢二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)-1-苯基乙烷-1-酮 (3aa) 的合成为例。向 10 mL 的反应管中加入七元环亚胺(1a)39.01 mg(0.2 mmol)、2a 49.22 mg(0.3 mmol)、DCM 3 mL。在室温下反应 12 h。反应结束后用 *V*(乙酸乙酯): *V*(石油醚)=1:30 作为洗脱剂进行柱层析分离纯化旋蒸, 得到黄色油状固体 3aa, 产率为 90%。 $^1\text{H}\text{NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) , δ : 8.00 ~ 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.57 (s, 1H), 7.45 (dd,

J =8.3、7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.34 ~ 7.21 (m, 3H), 7.13 (td, J =7.2、6.6、1.5 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (td, J =7.6、1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (td, J =7.6、1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (dd, J =7.9、1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.04 ~ 4.94 (m, 1H), 4.67 (d, J =4.9 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (dd, J =18.1、9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.49 (dd, J =18.0、3.4 Hz, 1H)。MS(ESI), *m/Z*: $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}_2$ [M+H]⁺理论值 316.4; 实测值: 316.0。

2-(10,11-二氢二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)-1-(对甲苯基)乙烷-1-酮(3ab): 淡黄色油状固体, 产率为 80%。 $^1\text{H}\text{NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3), δ : 7.86 ~ 7.78 (m, 2H), 7.31 ~ 7.16 (m, 5H), 7.13 ~ 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.81 (ddd, J =7.9、7.2、1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (ddd, J =8.0、7.2、1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (dd, J =7.9、1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (dd, J =9.8、3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (s, 1H), 4.12 (dd, J =18.0、9.8 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (dd, J =18.0、3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H)。MS(ESI), *m/Z*: $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_2$ [M+H]⁺理论值 330.4; 实测值: 330.0。

1-(4-氯苯基)-2-(10,11-二氢二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)乙烷-1-酮(3ac): 黄色油状固体, 产率为 81%。 $^1\text{H}\text{NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3), δ : 7.89 ~ 7.81 (m, 2H), 7.42 ~ 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.31 ~ 7.13 (m, 3H), 7.13 ~ 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.82 (ddd, J =7.9、7.2、1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (ddd, J =7.9、7.2、1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dd, J =7.9、1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (ddd, J =9.3、5.4、3.5 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, J =5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (dd, J =18.0、9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (dd, J =18.0、3.5 Hz, 1H)。

MS(ESI), *m/Z*: C₂₁H₁₆CINO₂ [M+H]⁺理论值 350.8; 实测值: 350.0。

1-(4-溴苯基)-2-(10,11-二氢二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)乙烷-1-酮(3ad): 黄色油状固体, 产率为 78%。¹HNMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 7.81 ~ 7.73 (m, 2H), 7.58 ~ 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.31 ~ 7.18 (m, 4H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 6.82 (ddd, *J* = 8.0、7.2、1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (ddd, *J* = 8.0、7.2、1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (dd, *J* = 8.0、1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (ddd, *J* = 9.2、5.3、3.5 Hz, 1H), 4.58 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (dd, *J* = 18.0、9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H)。MS(ESI), *m/Z*: C₂₁H₁₆BrNO₂ [M+H]⁺理论值 395.3; 实测值: 396.2。

2-(10,11-二氢二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)-1-(4-氟苯基)乙烷-1-酮(3ae): 黄色油状固体, 产率为 79%。¹HNMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 7.99 ~ 7.89 (m, 2H), 7.31 ~ 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.23 ~ 7.16 (m, 1H), 7.13 ~ 7.02 (m, 4H), 6.82 (ddd, *J* = 7.9、7.2、1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (ddd, *J* = 8.0、7.3、1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dd, *J* = 7.9、1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (ddd, *J* = 9.2、5.3、3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (dd, *J* = 18.0、9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (dd, *J* = 18.0、3.5 Hz, 1H)。MS(ESI), *m/Z*: C₂₁H₁₆FNO₂ [M+H]⁺理论值 334.4; 实测值: 334.0。

2-(10,11-二氢二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)-1-(4-甲氧基苯基)乙烷-1-酮(3af): 黄色油状固体, 产率为 82%。¹HNMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 7.90 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.30 ~ 7.13 (m, 3H), 7.12 ~ 7.02 (m, 2H), 6.87 ~ 6.82 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (ddd, *J* = 7.9、7.2、1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (ddd, *J* = 7.9、7.3、1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dd, *J* = 7.9、1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (dt, *J* = 9.2、4.1 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.14 ~ 4.02 (m, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.39 (dd, *J* = 17.8、3.3 Hz, 1H)。MS(ESI), *m/Z*: C₂₂H₁₉NO₃ [M+H]⁺理论值 346.4; 实测值: 346.0。

2-(10,11-二氢二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)-1-(间甲苯基)乙烷-1-酮(3ag): 黄色油状固体, 产率为 78%。¹HNMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 7.76 ~ 7.69 (m, 2H), 7.39 ~ 7.18 (m, 5H), 7.15 ~ 7.04 (m, 2H), 6.83 (ddd, *J* = 8.0、7.3、1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (ddd, *J* = 8.0、7.2、1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (dd, *J* = 7.9、1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.96 (dt, *J* = 9.6、3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.67 ~ 4.62 (m, 1H), 4.15 (dd, *J* = 18.0、9.8 Hz, 1H), 3.44 (dd, *J* = 18.0、3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 3H)。¹³CNMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 199.28, 157.11, 143.64, 138.38, 137.14, 136.66, 134.13, 132.64, 129.23, 128.63, 128.46, 128.32, 125.26, 124.68, 124.37, 121.67, 121.23, 119.00, 118.98, 54.48, 44.22, 21.27。HRMS(ESI), *m/Z*: C₂₂H₁₉NO₂ [M+Na]⁺理论值 352.1313; 实测值: 352.1304。

1-(3-氯苯基)-2-(10,11-二氢二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)乙烷-1-酮(3ah): 黄色油状固体, 产率为 71%。¹HNMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 7.89 (t, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (ddd, *J* = 7.8、1.6、1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (ddd, *J* = 8.0、2.1、1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 36.7 Hz, 4H), 7.10 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 2H), 6.87 ~ 6.78 (m, 1H), 6.67 (dddd, *J* = 7.8、7.2、1.6、0.5 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dd, *J* = 8.0、1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (ddd, *J* = 9.3、5.5、3.5 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (dd, *J* = 18.1、9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (dd, *J* = 18.1、3.5 Hz, 1H)。¹³CNMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 197.82, 157.12, 143.55, 138.12, 136.97, 134.97, 133.28, 132.41, 129.92, 129.39, 128.32, 128.15, 126.16, 124.78, 124.47, 121.75, 121.29, 119.09, 118.87, 54.39, 44.43。HRMS(ESI), *m/Z*: C₂₁H₁₆CINO₂ [M+Na]⁺理论值 372.0767; 实测值: 372.0764。

1-(3-溴苯基)-2-(10,11-二氢二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)乙烷-1-酮(3ai): 黄色油状固体, 产率为 77%。¹HNMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 8.04 (t, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (ddd, *J* = 7.9、1.6、1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (ddd, *J* = 8.0、2.0、1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 ~ 7.18 (m, 4H), 7.13 ~ 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.83 (ddd, *J* = 7.9、7.2、1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (ddd, *J* = 8.0、7.2、1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dd, *J* = 7.9、1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (s, 1H), 4.59 (s, 1H), 4.13 (dd, *J* = 18.2、9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (dd, *J* = 18.1、3.5 Hz, 1H)。¹³CNMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 197.90, 157.23, 143.61, 138.38, 137.05, 136.35, 132.49, 131.24, 130.31, 129.53, 128.44, 126.73, 124.91, 124.61, 123.10, 121.88, 121.42, 119.20, 118.98, 54.46, 44.48。MS(ESI), *m/Z*: C₂₁H₁₆BrNO₂ [M+H]⁺理论值 395.3; 实测值: 395.2。

2-(10,11-二氢二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)-1-(邻甲苯基)乙烷-1-酮(3aj): 黄色油状固体, 产率为 77%。¹HNMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 7.56 (dd, *J* = 7.8、1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (td, *J* = 7.5、1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.30 ~ 7.13 (m, 5H), 7.13 ~ 7.02 (m, 2H), 6.84 (td, *J* = 7.6、1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (td, *J* = 7.6、1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (dd, *J* = 7.9、1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (ddd, *J* = 9.3、5.3、3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (dd, *J* = 17.9、9.8 Hz, 1H), 3.40 (dd, *J* = 17.9、3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H)。¹³CNMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 202.88, 157.07, 143.80, 138.26, 137.33, 137.06, 132.49, 132.01, 131.62, 129.21, 128.82, 128.23, 125.74, 124.63, 124.28, 121.69, 121.23, 119.19, 118.99, 54.62, 46.76, 21.42。HRMS(ESI), *m/Z*: C₂₂H₁₉NO₂ [M+Na]⁺理论值 352.1313; 实测值: 352.1306。

2-(10,11-二氢二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)-1-(2,4-二甲基苯基)乙烷-1-酮(3ak): 黄色油状固体,

产率为 73%。¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 7.52 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.30 ~ 7.14 (m, 3H), 7.14 ~ 7.02 (m, 3H), 7.05 ~ 6.95 (m, 1H), 6.83 (ddd, J = 7.9、7.2、1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (ddd, J = 8.0、7.3、1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (dd, J = 7.9、1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (dt, J = 9.9、3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (s, 1H), 4.02 (dd, J = 17.8、9.9 Hz, 1H), 3.38 (dd, J = 17.8、3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 2.32 (s, 3H)。

¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 202.01, 157.06, 143.83, 142.37, 138.84, 137.15, 134.14, 132.94, 132.58, 129.44, 129.15, 128.24, 126.36, 124.60, 124.24, 121.67 (d, J = 3.3 Hz), 121.22 (d, J = 5.0 Hz), 119.13, 119.02, 54.67, 46.34, 21.70, 21.33。HRMS (ESI), m/Z: C₂₃H₂₁NO₂ [M+Na]⁺理论值 366.1470; 实测值: 366.1483。

2-(10,11-二氢二苯并[*b,f*][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)-1-(萘-2-基)乙烷-1-酮(3al): 黄色油状固体, 产率为 60%。¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 8.44 ~ 8.39 (m, 1H), 8.00 (dd, J = 8.6、1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.91 ~ 7.80 (m, 3H), 7.55 (dddd, J = 24.2、8.1、6.9、1.3 Hz, 2H), 7.33 ~ 7.22 (m, 3H), 7.16 ~ 7.04 (m, 2H), 6.82 (ddd, J = 7.9、7.2、1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (ddd, J = 8.0、7.2、1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (dd, J = 7.9、1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (ddd, J = 9.7、5.3、3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (dd, J = 17.9、9.8 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (dd, J = 17.9、3.4 Hz, 1H)。MS (ESI), m/Z: C₂₅H₁₉NO₂ [M+H]⁺理论值 366.1, 实测值: 366.2。

2-(10,11-二氢二苯并[*b,f*][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)-1-(萘-1-基)乙烷-1-酮(3am): 黄色油状固体, 产率为 62%。¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 8.62 (ddt, J = 8.5、1.3、0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.98 ~ 7.91 (m, 1H), 7.78 (dd, J = 7.3、1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (ddd, J = 13.8、8.2、1.4 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (dd, J = 8.2、7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (s, 3H), 7.15 ~ 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.84 (ddd, J = 7.8、7.2、1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (ddd, J = 7.9、7.3、1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (dd, J = 7.9、1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (ddd, J = 9.5、5.4、3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (dd, J = 17.7、9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.54 (dd, J = 17.8、3.8 Hz, 1H)。¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 203.12, 157.08, 143.84, 137.06, 135.30, 133.91, 133.05, 132.44, 130.05, 129.26, 128.47, 128.30, 128.24, 128.06, 126.47, 125.63, 124.68, 124.36, 124.32, 121.72, 121.25, 119.26, 119.06, 54.90, 47.41。HRMS (ESI), m/Z: C₂₅H₁₉NO₂ [M+Na]⁺理论值 388.1313; 实测值: 388.1304。

2-(10,11-二氢二苯并[*b,f*][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)-1-(噻吩-3-基)乙烷-1-酮(3an): 黄色油状固体, 产率为 65%。¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 7.67 ~ 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.31 ~ 7.13 (m, 3H), 7.13 ~ 7.02 (m, 3H),

6.82 (ddd, J = 7.9、7.3、1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (ddd, J = 8.0、7.2、1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dd, J = 7.9、1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (ddd, J = 9.4、5.2、3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (dd, J = 17.3、9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.41 (dd, J = 17.3、3.7 Hz, 1H)。HRMS (ESI), m/Z: C₁₉H₁₅NO₂S [M+Na]⁺理论值 344.0721, 实测值: 344.0714。

1-(10,11-二氢二苯并[*b,f*][1,4]噁嗪-11-基)丁酮(3ao): 黄色油状固体, 产率为 69%。¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 7.28 ~ 7.19 (m, 1H), 7.19 ~ 7.08 (m, 2H), 7.08 ~ 7.00 (m, 2H), 6.89 ~ 6.80 (m, 1H), 6.76 ~ 6.63 (m, 1H), 6.53 (dd, J = 7.9、1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (dd, J = 10.0、3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (s, 1H), 3.55 (dd, J = 17.9、9.9 Hz, 1H), 2.90 (dd, J = 17.9、3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (q, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.01 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H)。¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 210.76, 157.03, 143.77, 137.05, 132.41, 129.19, 128.12, 124.64, 124.31, 121.69, 121.19, 119.15, 118.98, 54.12, 47.63, 36.61, 7.63。HRMS (ESI), m/Z: C₁₇H₁₇NO₂ [M+Na]⁺理论值 290.1157; 实测值: 290.1150。

2-(8-甲基-10,11-二氢二苯并[*b,f*][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)-1-苯乙烷-1-酮(3ba): 黄色油状固体, 产率为 82%。¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 7.98 ~ 7.89 (m, 2H), 7.59 ~ 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.47 ~ 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.30 ~ 7.21 (m, 1H), 7.19 (s, 2H), 7.06 (td, J = 7.4、1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (ddt, J = 8.1、2.0、0.7 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd, J = 2.1、0.8 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (ddd, J = 9.7、5.2、3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (dd, J = 18.1、9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.45 (dd, J = 18.1、3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.13 (d, J = 0.7 Hz, 3H)。MS (ESI), m/Z: C₂₂H₁₉NO₂ [M+H]⁺理论值 330.4; 实测值: 330.0。

2-(8-氯-10,11-二氢二苯并[*b,f*][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)-1-苯乙烷-1-酮(3ca): 黄色油状固体, 产率为 83%。¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 7.97 ~ 7.90 (m, 2H), 7.59 ~ 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.47 ~ 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.32 ~ 7.20 (m, 1H), 7.17 (dd, J = 8.0、1.3 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (td, J = 7.4、1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (dd, J = 8.5、2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (ddd, J = 9.3、5.3、3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (dd, J = 18.1、9.8 Hz, 1H), 3.44 (dd, J = 18.1、3.3 Hz, 1H)。MS (ESI), m/Z: C₂₁H₁₆ClNO₂ [M+H]⁺理论值 350.8; 实测值: 350.1。

2-(8-溴-10,11-二氢二苯并[*b,f*][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)-1-苯乙烷-1-酮(3da): 黄色油状固体, 产率为 82%。¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ: 7.97 ~ 7.90 (m, 2H), 7.59 ~ 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.47 ~ 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.32 ~ 7.13 (m, 3H), 7.10 (td, J = 7.4、1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.75 ~ 6.63 (m, 2H), 4.93 (ddd, J =

9.8、5.5、3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.16 (dd, $J = 18.2$ 、9.8 Hz, 1H), 3.44 (dd, $J = 18.1$ 、3.3 Hz, 1H)。 $^{13}\text{CNMR}$ (101 MHz, CDCl_3), δ : 198.95, 157.04, 142.53, 138.81, 136.62, 133.64, 132.54, 129.65, 128.77, 128.43, 128.21, 124.91, 123.29, 121.40, 121.30, 120.88, 117.22, 54.25, 44.31。MS(ESI), m/Z : $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{16}\text{BrNO}_2[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 理论值 395.3; 实测值: 395.2。

2-(8-氟-10,11-二氢二苯并[*b,f*][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)-1-苯乙烷-1-酮(3ea): 黄色油状固体, 产率为 76%。 $^1\text{HNMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3), δ : 7.98 ~ 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.59 ~ 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.47 ~ 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.33 ~ 7.15 (m, 3H), 7.10 (td, $J = 7.4$ 、1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dd, $J = 8.8$ 、5.6 Hz, 1H), 6.34 ~ 6.18 (m, 2H), 4.94 (ddd, $J = 9.8$ 、5.5、3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.21 (dd, $J = 18.1$ 、9.8 Hz, 1H), 3.45 (dd, $J = 18.1$ 、3.3 Hz, 1H)。MS(ESI), m/Z : $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{16}\text{FNO}_2[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 理论值 356.4; 实测值: 356.1。

2-(8-甲氧基-10,11-二氢二苯并[*b,f*][1,4]氧氮杂-11-基)-1-苯乙烷-1-酮(3fa): 黄色油状固体, 产率为 84%。 $^1\text{HNMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3), δ : 7.97 ~ 7.90 (m, 2H), 7.58 ~ 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.42 (ddt, $J = 8.4$ 、6.7、1.0 Hz, 2H), 7.31 ~ 7.13 (m, 3H), 7.07 (td, $J = 7.4$ 、1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.20 (dd, $J = 8.8$ 、2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.07 (d, $J = 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.94 (ddd, $J = 9.7$ 、5.4、3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.19 (dd, $J = 18.1$ 、9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.44 (dd, $J = 18.1$ 、3.4 Hz, 1H)。 $^{13}\text{CNMR}$ (151 MHz, CDCl_3), δ : 199.14, 157.54, 156.65, 138.00, 137.87, 136.64, 133.39, 132.61, 129.32, 128.60, 128.34, 128.09, 124.41, 122.27, 121.10, 104.28, 103.40, 55.39, 54.25, 44.37。HRMS(ESI), m/Z : $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_3[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 理论值 368.1263; 实测值: 368.1256。

2 结果与讨论

使用七元环亚胺(1a)和 β -酮酸(2a)作为模型底物进行反应条件筛选, 结果见表 1。由表 1 可知, 不同种类的路易斯酸作为催化剂时, 目标产物的产率较低(序号 1 ~ 8), 在无催化剂条件下时产物产率比在有催化剂时高(序号 9)。

根据文献, 羧酸是形成活性吡啶中间体的温和催化剂^[22]。同时, β -酮酸具有羧基官能团, 所以推测 β -酮酸不仅可以用作反应的底物, 还可以用作反应催化剂。

在无催化剂条件下发现, 在乙腈、1, 4-二氧六环、甲醇等有机溶剂下反应的产率较低。以 DCM 为溶剂, 目标产物 3aa 的产率提高到 90%。所以, 在无催化剂条件下, 最佳的反应溶剂为 DCM。

表 1 反应条件的优化^①
Table 1 Optimization of reaction conditions^①

序号	催化剂	溶剂	时间/h	产率 ^② /%
1	$\text{Sc}(\text{OTf})_3$	DCE	12	39
2	$\text{Na}(\text{OTf})_3$	DCE	12	47
3	$\text{In}(\text{OTf})_3$	DCE	12	32
4	$\text{Cu}(\text{OTf})_3$	DCE	12	41
5	$\text{Cu}(\text{OTf})_2$	DCE	12	41
6	$\text{Yb}(\text{OTf})_3$	DCE	12	28
7	$\text{Zn}(\text{OTf})_2$	DCE	12	42
8	$\text{Sb}(\text{OTf})_3$	DCE	12	12
9	无	DCE	12	68
10	无	CH_3CN	12	39
11	无	1,4-二氧六环	12	51
12	无	甲苯	12	33
13	无	MeOH	12	17
14	无	EtOH	12	11
15	无	H_2O	12	49
16	无	DMSO	12	28
17	无	DMF	12	29
18	无	DCM	12	90

①反应条件为 1a(0.1 mmol), 2a(0.15 mmol), 溶剂 2.0 mL, 在室温下搅拌反应; ②分离产率。

在室温、无催化剂、DCM 作溶剂基础上, 探索了底物的适用范围, 结果见表 2。

由表 2 可知, 一系列不同取代基 β -酮酸均能与七元环亚胺成功进行反应, 得到的目标产物产率良好, 证明芳基取代的 β -酮酸反应制得产物(3ab~3am)对苯环有着良好的空间效应及电负性效应。间位和邻位的取代产物(3ag~3aj)、双取代基产物(3ak)、萘基产物(3al、3am)、杂环产物(3an)、烷基取代的 β -酮酸(3ao)产率均较低。含有甲氧基的 β -酮酸(2f)的反应产物(3af)产率达到 82%。

在最佳条件下, 除了对 β -酮酸底物范围的拓展, 还对七元环亚胺底物范围进行了筛选与探索, 结果见表 2。由表 2 可知, 取代基电负性变化和取代基位置变化对反应没有显著影响。富电子产物(3ba~3fa)产率较好。由于三卤甲基等吸电子基团的存在, 导致反应物(2h~2k)生成的产物(3ah~3ak)产率适中。表明七元环亚胺与脂肪族 β -酮酸反应产物的底物适用范围较广。相同位置的不同取代基没有表现出明显的差异。其中, 单原子氟取代基取代产物(3ea)产率中等。此外, 在室温、DCM 作溶剂的

条件下, 含甲氧基的产物(3fa)表现出良好的反应活性, 产物(3fa)产率达到84%。

表2 β -酮酸的底物范围
Table 2 Substrate scope of β -keto acids

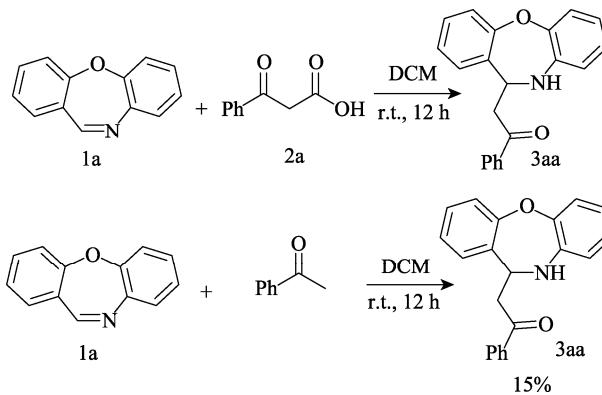
3aa, 90% ⁽¹⁾		
3ab, 80%		
3ac, 81%		
3ad, 78%		
3ae, 79%		
3af, 82%		
3ag, 78%		
3ah, 71%		
3ai, 77%		
3aj, 77%		
3ak, 73%		
3al, 60%		
3am, 62%		
3an, 65%		
3ao, 69%		
3ba, 82%		
3ca, 83%		
3da, 82%		
3ea, 76%		
3fa, 84%		

注: 将七元环亚胺衍生物1(0.1 mmol)和 β -酮酸2(0.15 mmol)添加到10 mL反应管中, 并将DCM(2.0 mL)添加到反应管中, 在室温下搅拌反应12 h; ①为分离产率。

为了验证不对称脱羧加成反应的可行性, 本文将反应放大到克级。向50 mL圆底烧瓶中加入七元环亚胺衍生物(1a)1.03 g(5.3 mmol)、 β -酮酸(2a)1.31 g(8.0 mmol)、DCM 10 mL。在室温下反应12 h。反应结束后用V(乙酸乙酯): V(石油醚)=1:30作为洗脱剂进行柱层析分离纯化旋蒸, 得到黄色油状固体3aa, 产率为90%。

为了进一步探究反应机理, 进行了对照实验。在室温、DCM作溶剂的条件下, 七元环亚胺衍生物(1a)分别与苯乙酮和 β -酮酸(2a)反应。在对照实验(反应路线如下所示)中发现, 苯乙酮与七元环亚胺衍生物在室温下可以反应, 但产率很低, 仅为15%; 而 β -酮酸(2a)与七元环亚胺衍生物反应

产率为90%。这是因为 β -酮酸与苯乙酮相比具有羧基官能团, 羧酸又是形成活性吡啶中间体的温和催化剂^[22], 因此, β -酮酸不仅可以用作反应底物, 还可以用作反应的催化剂。



3 结论

室温下, 以二苯并[b,f][1,4]氧氮杂卓和 β -酮酸为原料, 无催化剂条件下, 以DCM为溶剂, 通过曼尼希反应成功合成了DBO衍生物。在最优条件下最高产率可达90%。反应可放大到克级, 底物适用范围较广。此外, 该方法利用反应物作为催化剂, 成本低廉, 方法简单快捷, 反应条件温和, 环境友好, 在实际工业应用上具有很大优势。

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